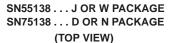
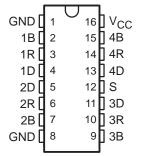
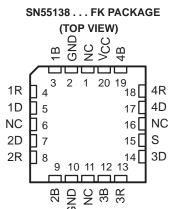
- Single 5-V Supply
- High-Input-Impedance, High-Threshold Receivers
- Common Driver Strobe
- TTL-Compatible Driver and Strobe Inputs With Clamp Diodes
- High-Speed Operation
- 100-mA Open-Collector Driver Outputs
- Four Independent Channels
- TTL-Compatible Receiver Output

### description

The SN55138 and SN75138 quadruple bus transceivers are designed for two-way data communication over single-ended transmission lines. Each of the four identical channels consists of a driver with TTL inputs and a receiver with a TTL output. The driver open-collector output is designed to handle loads up to 100-mA open collector. The receiver input is internally connected to the driver output, and has a high impedance to minimize loading of the transmission line. Because of the high driver-output current and the high receiver-input impedance, a very large number (typically hundreds) of transceivers may be connected to a single data bus.







NC - No internal connection

The receiver design also features a threshold of 2.3 V (typical), providing a wider noise margin than would be possible with a receiver having the usual TTL threshold. A strobe turns off all drivers (high impedance) but does not affect receiver operation. These circuits are designed for operation from a single 5-V supply and include a provision to minimize loading of the data bus when the power-supply voltage is zero.

The SN55138 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The SN75138 is characterized for operation from  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $70^{\circ}$ C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



#### **Function Tables**

#### **TRANSMITTING**

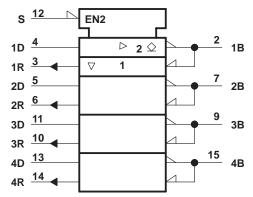
INP	UTS	OUTPUTS				
S	D	В	R			
L	Н	L	Н			
L	L	Н	L			

#### **RECEIVING**

	INPUTS		OUTPUT
S	В	D	R
Н	Н	Χ	L
Н	L	X	Н

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant

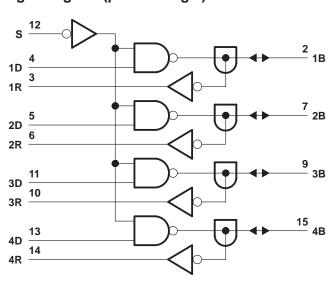
# logic symbol†



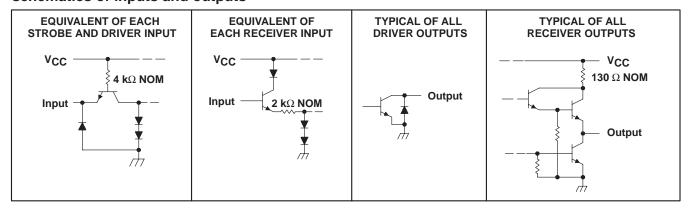
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

Pin numbers shown are for D, J, N, and W packages.

## logic diagram (positive logic)



## schematics of inputs and outputs



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# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)		7 V
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>		5.5 V
Driver off-state output voltage		7 V
Low-level output current into the driver out	tput	150 mA
Continuous total dissipation	Se	ee Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub> :	SN55138	–55°C to 125°C
	SN75138	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>		65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from	n case for 10 seconds: D, N, or W packa	age 260°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds, T <sub>C</sub> : FK	package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from	n case for 60 seconds: J package	300°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to both ground terminals connected together.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C POWER RATING
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	
FK‡	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW
J‡	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	275 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	_
W	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	200 mW

<sup>‡</sup> In the FK and J packages, the SN55138 chip is alloy mounted.

# recommended operating conditions

		,	SN55138	;	SN75138			UNIT	
		MIN	MIN NOM MAX MIN NOM MAX		MAX				
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5		5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V	
High-level input voltage, V <sub>IH</sub>	Driver or strobe	2			2				
	Receiver	3.2			2.9			V	
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	Driver or strobe			0.8			0.8	V	
	Receiver			1.5			1.8		
High-level output current, IOH	Receiver output			-400			-400	μΑ	
Low-level output current, IOL	Driver output			100			100	A	
	Receiver output			16			16	mA	
Operating free-air temperature, TA		-55		125	0	0 70		°C	

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# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>		,	SN55138	3	SN75138			UNIT	
	PARAMETE	ĸ	TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNII
VIK	Input clamp voltage	Driver or strobe	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN,	I <sub>I</sub> = -12 mA			-1.5			-1.5	V
Vон	High-level output voltage	Receiver	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, V <sub>IL</sub> (R) = V <sub>IL</sub> max,	VIH(S) = 2 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA	2.4	3.5		2.4	3.5		٧
\/a:	Low-level output	Driver	$V_{CC} = MIN,$ $V_{IL(S)} = 0.8 V,$	$V_{IH(D)} = 2 V$ , $I_{OL} = 100 \text{ mA}$			0.45			0.45	V
VOL	voltage	Receiver	$V_{CC} = MIN,$ $V_{IH(S)} = 2 V,$	$V_{IH(R)} = V_{IH}$ min, $I_{OL} = 16$ mA			0.4			0.4	V
I <sub>I</sub> (max)	Input current at maximum input voltage	Driver or strobe	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	VI = VCC			1			1	mA
	High-level input current	Driver or strobe	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4 V			40			40	μA
ΉΗ		Receiver	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>I</sub> (S) = 2 V	$V_{I(R)} = 4.5 V,$		25	300		25	300	μΑ
	Low-level	Driver or strobe	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V		-1	-1.6		-1	-1.6	mA
lIL.	input current	Receiver	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> (S) = 2 V	$V_{I(R)} = 0.45 V,$			-50			-50	μΑ
I(off)	Input current with power off	Receiver	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0,	V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5 V		1.1	1.5		1.1	1.5	mA
los	Short-circuit output current§	Receiver	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX		-20		-55	-18		-55	mA
	Supply current	All driver outputs low	$V_{CC} = MAX,$ $V_{I(S)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	V <sub>I(D)</sub> = 2 V,		50	65		50	65	
ICC		All driver outputs high	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> (S) = 2 V, Receiver outputs op	$V_{I(R)} = 3.5 \text{ V},$		42	55		42	55	mA

<sup>†</sup> For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions. Parenthetical letters D, R, and S used with V<sub>I</sub> refer to the driver input, receiver input, and strobe input, respectively.

# switching characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

PARAMETER¶	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Driver	Driver	Driver		See Figure 1		15	24	ns		
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Driver	Dilvei		D: 50.0			14	24			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Strobe	Driver	Driver	Driver	C[ = 50 pr,	IXL = 30 \$2,	Joee riigure r		18	28	no
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Strobe	Dilvei					22	32	ns		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Bossiyor	Dogoiyor	Dagaiyar	Dessiver	C <sub>I</sub> = 15 pF	$R_1 = 400 \Omega$	See Figure 2		7	15	20
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Receiver	Receiver	Receiver	CL = 15 pr	KL = 400 12,	See Figure 2		8	15	ns	

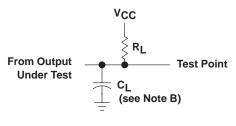
<sup>¶</sup>tpLH = propagation delay time, low- to high-level output tpHL = propagation delay time, high- to low-level output



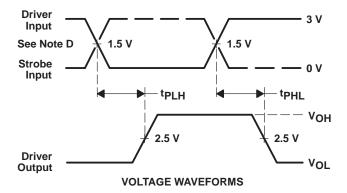
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>§</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time.

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



**TEST CIRCUIT** 

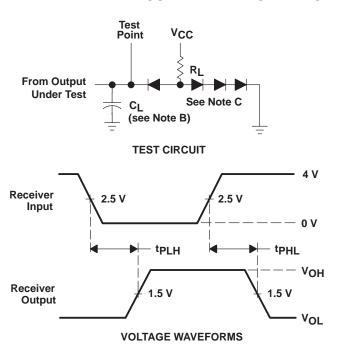


NOTES: A. Input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $t_W$  = 100 ns, PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz,  $t_f \leq$  10 ns,  $t_f \leq$ 

- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- C. All diodes are 1N916 or 1N3064.
- D. When testing driver input (solid line) strobe must be low; when testing strobe input (dashed line) driver input must be high.

Figure 1. Propagation Delay Times From Data and Strobe Inputs

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. Input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $t_W$  = 100 ns, PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz,  $t_f \leq$  10 ns,  $t_f \leq$ 

- B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- C. All diodes are 1N916 or 1N3064.
- D. When testing driver input (solid line) strobe must be low; when testing strobe input (dashed line) driver input must be high.

Figure 2. Propagation Delay Times From Receiver Input



### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

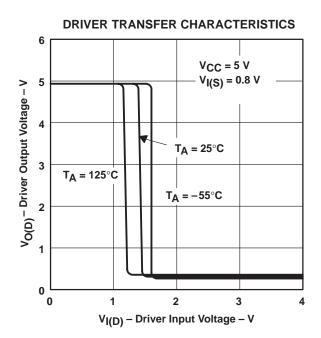
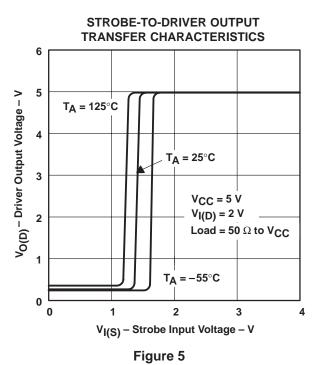


Figure 3



**DRIVER TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS** 

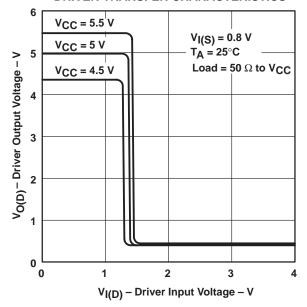


Figure 4

# STROBE-TO-DRIVER OUTPUT TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

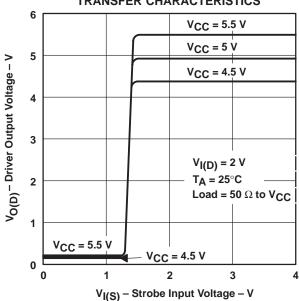


Figure 6

<sup>†</sup> Data for temperatures below 0°C and above 70°C is applicable to SN55138 circuits only.

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

0

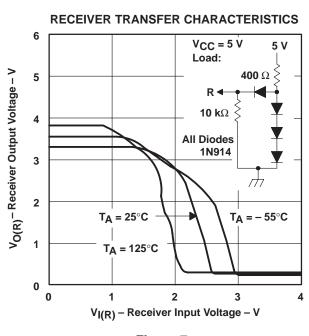
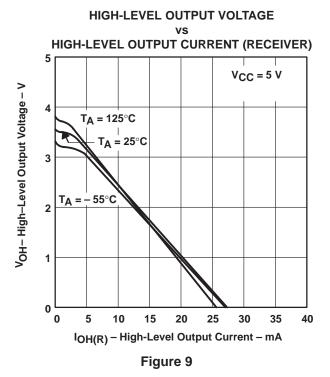


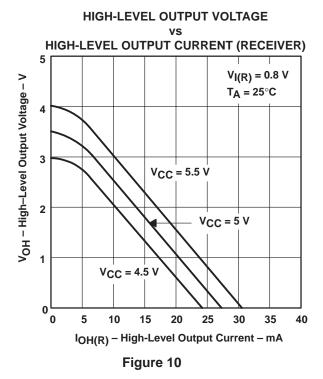
Figure 7



#### RECEIVER TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS 6 T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C 5 V Load: Vo(R) - Receiver Output Voltage - V 400 $\Omega$ 5 R ◀ V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V 10 $k\Omega$ 4 **VCC = 5 V All Diodes** 1N914 V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V 3 2

Figure 8

V<sub>I(R)</sub> – Receiver Input Voltage – V



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Data for temperatures below 0°C and above 70°C is applicable to SN55138 circuits only.



V<sub>C</sub>C = 5.5 V

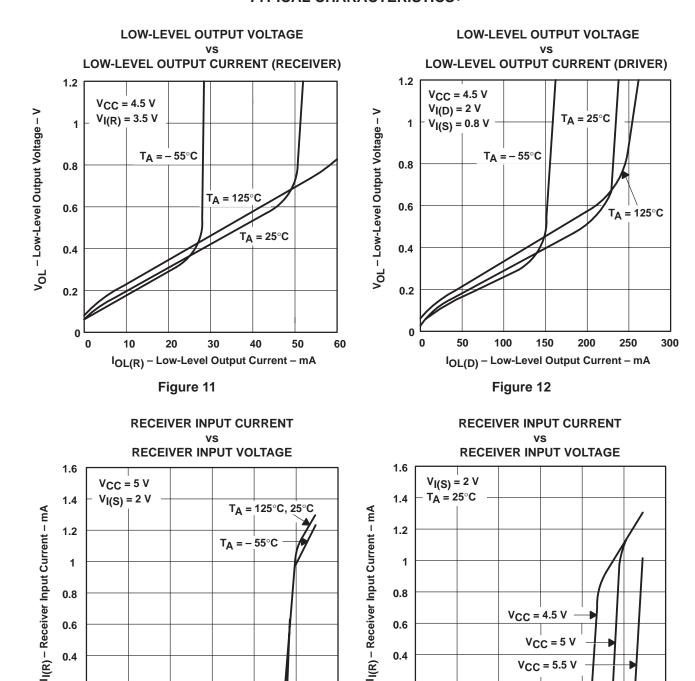
3

V<sub>I(R)</sub> - Receiver Input Voltage - V

Figure 14

4

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>



 $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C, -55^{\circ}C$ 

V<sub>I(R)</sub> – Receiver Input Voltage – V

Figure 13

0.2

0

T<sub>A</sub> = 125°C



6

0.2

0 0

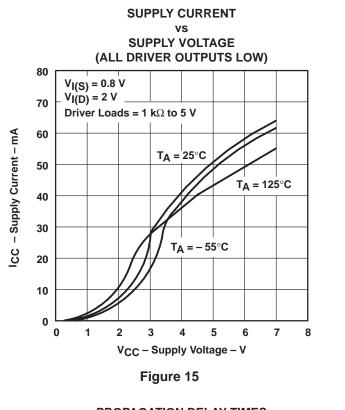
1

2

6

<sup>†</sup> Data for temperatures below 0°C and above 70°C is applicable to SN55138 circuits only.

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>



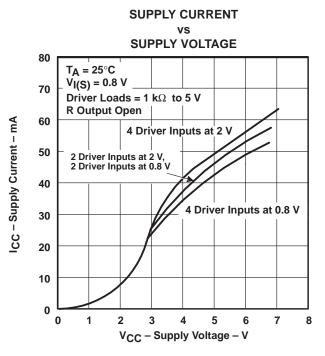


Figure 16

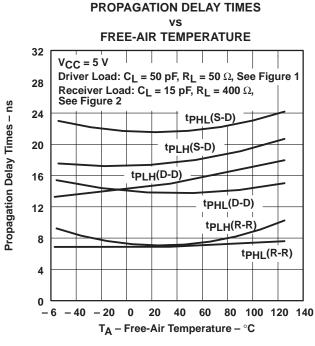


Figure 17

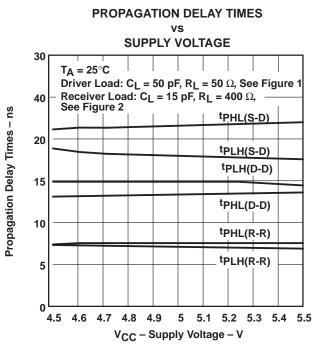
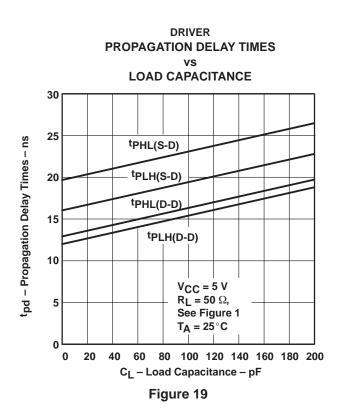


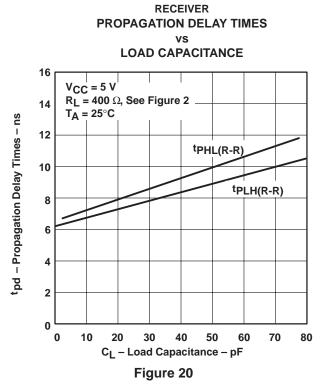
Figure 18

† Data for temperatures below 0°C and above 70°C is applicable to SN55138 circuits only.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





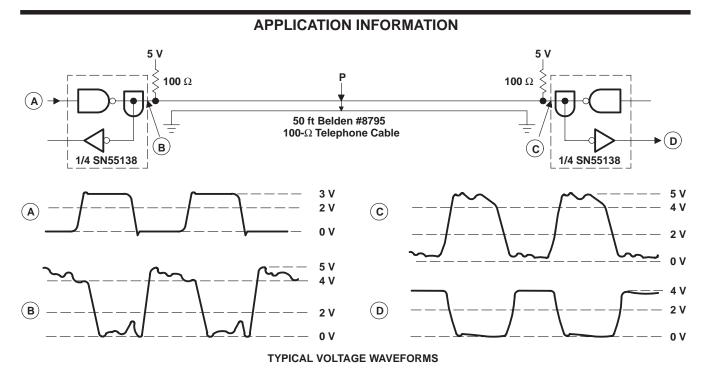
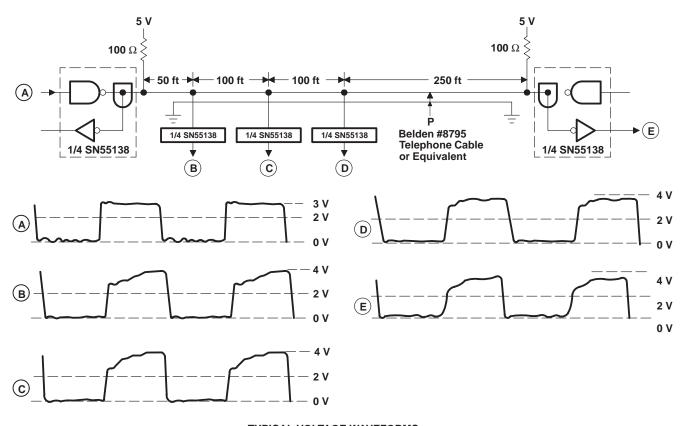


Figure 21. Point-to-Point Communication Over 50 Feet of Twisted Pair at 5 MHz

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



TYPICAL VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

Figure 22. Party-Line Communication on 500 Feet of Twisted Pair at 1 MHz

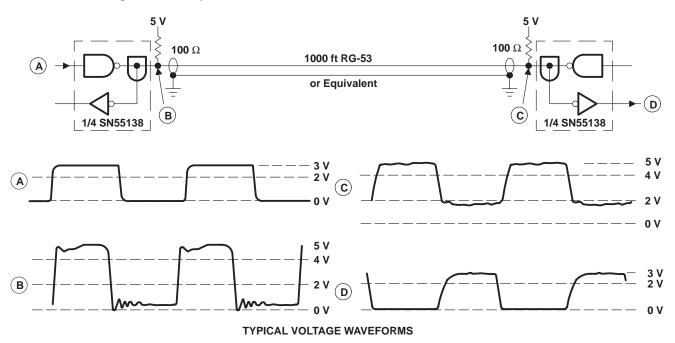


Figure 23. Point-to-Point Communication Over 1000 Feet of Coaxial Cable at 1 MHz



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